

Chapter 5 Mother Teresa

Grammar & Expression Input

本文に出てくる表現について学びましょう。

■ Back in the 1920s, thousands of people in Kolkata had **no** jobs and **no** homes.

(しかし、1920年代にさかのぼると、コルカタの何千もの人々には仕事も家もなかった)

→ no は「少しもない、ひとつもない、だれもない」の意味を表す。

否定の強さは no > not any > not a の順番になる。

cf Part 3 に出てくる部分否定とも比べてみよう。

Key Sentences

次の文章の構造に注意しながら和訳しなさい。

1. ⑤ Back in the 1920s, however, thousands of people in Kolkata / had no jobs and no homes, / or **lived crowded together in homes** / made out of mats and boxes.

しかし、1920年代にさかのぼると、コルカタの何千もの人々には仕事も家もないか、あるいは

2. ⑧ For example, they tried to feed **the hungry**, / cure **the sick**, / and educate the children.

例えば、彼らは _____, 子どもたちを教育しようとした。

3. ⑨ However, the problems were **so** great / **that** many people died in the streets every day.

しかし、 _____

▶ crowded together ~ が前の lived にかかるように訳す。

▶ 〈the+形容詞〉 = ~な人々

▶ so ~ that ... = とても~なので...

Comprehension

本文の内容に合うように空所を埋めなさい。

Kolkata is a huge city with a population of over ten million people. It's an (1. _____) center which sends various kinds of things all over the world. However, thousands of people in the city were very poor about a century (2. _____). A lot of people died in the (3. _____) every day. Mother Teresa of Kolkata decided to go to the poorest of the poor to save them.

関連教材の一つ、予習ノートの
テキストデータです。