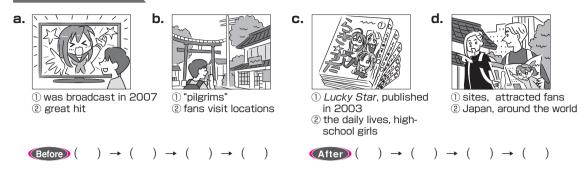
### Guess & Check



#### Content

Have you ever seen the television anime series / Lucky Star? // It is based / on a four-panel comic strip series / that was first published / in a magazine / in 2003. // The story humorously describes / the everyday lives of four high-school girls. // Lucky Star, / which was broadcast in 2007, / was a great hit, / like The Melancholy of Haruhi Suzumiya, / one of the most popular television anime series / of 2006. //

#### ② check

Many fans / of novels, movies, and TV dramas / make "pilgrimages": / they visit locations / where stories were set. // These sites are considered / by "pilgrims" / to be "holy" places. // Anime fans have also been visiting such sites. // These are called "Anime Pilgrimages." // The sites have attracted fans, / both from Japan / and from around the world. //

Words & Expressions	& Express	ons
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·	Words & Expressions			
1.	strip [stríp] 图	5.	location [loukéiʃən] 图	
2.	humorously [hjú:mərəsli] 圓	6.	pilgrim [pílgrəm] 名	
3.	broadcast [brɔ́ːdkæ̀st] <u> </u>		holy [hóuli] 形	
4.	pilgrimage [pílgrəmidʒ] 图	8.	<i>be</i> based on ∼	
	Key Sentences <b>〈 I<sup>⋉ check</sup>〉</b>			
1	It <b>is based on</b> a four-panel comic in 2003.	c strip series	that was first publishe	ed in a magazino
	▶ 受け身の文。 be based on ~で「~に基づ	いている」という	意味。	
	▶ 関係代名詞 that 以下で直前の名詞 a four-	-panel comic strip	o series を説明している。	
訳				
2	Many fans of novels, movies, locations <b>where</b> stories were set.		nas make "pilgrima	ges": they visi
	▶ where は関係副詞で, where stories were	set が先行詞 loca	ations を説明している。	
	▶ この set は受け身で「(物語などが) セット	・されている, 舞	台となっている」の意味にな	る。

### Comprehension

訳

#### Lucky Star In 2003 • a four-panel comic (1) ) series • first (2) ) in a magazine ) the lives of four high-school girls • The story humorously (③ ) ••• a great hit In 2007 was (4) like The Melancholy of Haruhi Suzumiya in 2006

• many fans of novels, movies,	and TV dramas make "(⑤	)"
••• they visit (⑥	) where stories were set	



)" places by "pilgrims" • these sites are considered to be "() ) = "Anime Pilgrimages" • anime fans have also been visiting such (® • The sites have (9) ) fans, both from Japan and from around the world



sites / broadcast / describes / attracted / holy / published / locations / strip / pilgrimages

# Final Task

LESSON

1 Share your ideas with your partner to match the Japanese title and its English title.

Japanese Title			English Title
① 千と千尋の神隠し	[	]	A From Up on Poppy Hill
② 聲の形	[	]	B A Silent Voice
③ あの日見た花の名前を僕達はまだ知らない。	[	]	C A Place Further Than the Universe
④ 宇宙よりも遠い場所	[	]	D Anohana: The Flower We Saw That Day
⑤ コクリコ坂から	[	]	E Spirited Away

アニメの内容をお互いに教え合ったり, 英語のタイトルに含まれている単語をヒントにしたりして 考えることもできます。分からない単語の意味や訳をパートナーと一緒に調べてみましょう。自分 たちで日本語のタイトルを英語にしてみるとヒントになるかもしれません。



## Points of the task

- ☐ Ask and tell your partner the contents of these anime.
- ☐ With your partner, look up both the Japanese words and the English words that you don't know.
- ☐ What English titles would you translate the Japanese titles into?
- 2 Choose a place related to your favorite anime, film, music, or book that you want to visit. Complete the table below about it. Then, find pictures of it on the Internet.

Photo	Place		Anime / Film / Music / Book	
	The reaso	on why you like the ani	me / film / music / book	
	The place	es you want to visit		
Extra Information	1			

Points of the task  □ What is your most favorite anime, film, most with the work of the	usic, or book? や好き さらば を調かな内容 う。	の好きな作品を1つ選び、好きな理由をになった経緯なども考えましょう。 た、その作品の「聖地」の写真や情報 べましょう。相手から質問されそう に関しても調べておくとよいでしょ
3 Using the information above, tell the pictures. Then, complete the presentation.	-	<del>-</del>
Place	Music / Book	
The places your partner wants to visit		
Extra Information		
Points of presentation and listening		
☐ Prepare clear pictures.		
$\square$ When you talk about things that your par	tner may not know we	ll about, speak slowly and clearly, and
avoid using technical terms and proper no		
☐ While listening to your partner's presentat		
☐ If you can't understand what your partner☐ At the end of presentation, it is better to a		
プレゼンテーションでは、見やすい画像を用意しましょう		なことについて話すときは、固有名

プレゼンテーションでは, 見やすい画像を用意しましょう。聞いている人が知らなさそうなことについて話すときは, 固有名詞や専門用語を使わずに, 理解しやすい単語に置き換えて伝わるようにしましょう。もし, 相手の話している内容が聞き取れなかったり, 理解できなかったりした箇所があれば, もう一度繰り返してもらって内容をしっかりと理解しましょう。最後に, 質問がないか確認して発表を終えるとよいでしょう。

