

Content

What animals / hatch on land / but spend their lives in the sea? // What start out / as eggs / that are the size of ping-pong balls / but can grow / to about two meters long? // Sea turtles! //

Sea turtles look clumsy / when they are walking / on the beach. // ✔ check In the water, / though, / the design of their bodies / helps them move smoothly. // Their shells are streamlined / so they can dive deep down / into the ocean. // They have large front flippers / which give them power / to move forward fast, / and they have good eyesight underwater. // They can breathe / through noses and mouths / like humans, / but they can hold their breath underwater / for hours. // They can even sleep / at the bottom of the ocean / before coming up again / for air. // They also have glands / that remove salt / ✔ check from the water / they drink. // Sometimes they look / as if they were crying. // Their tears help them / get rid of salt. //

Words & Expressions

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| 1. hatch [hætʃ] 動 | ..... | 8. breath [bréθ] 名 | ..... |
| 2. clumsy [klámzi] 形 | ..... | 9. bottom [bát(:)təm] 名 | ..... |
| 3. smoothly [smú:ðli] 副 | ..... | 10. gland [glænd] 名 | ..... |
| 4. streamlined [stri:mləind] 形 | ..... | 11. start out | ..... |
| 5. flipper [flípə] 名 | ..... | 12. remove ~ from ... | ..... |
| 6. underwater [ʌndərwátə] 副 | ..... |  |  |
| 7. breathe [brí:ð] 動 | ..... |  |  |

Key Sentences

check



1 In the water, **though**, the design of their bodies **helps them move** smoothly.

- ▶ thoughは「譲歩」を表す接続詞。「だけれども」「～だが」という意味。
- ▶ <help + 目的語 (O) + do> の形で、「Oが～するのを助ける」という意味。

訳

2 Sometimes they look **as if** they were crying.

- ▶ <as if S+V>「まるで～であるか [あったか] のように」。実際と異なること、起こりそうにないことを述べるので、仮定法を用いる。

訳

Comprehension

Q1 How large are sea turtle eggs?

解答

Q2 What helps sea turtles move smoothly in the water?

解答

Q3 Why can sea turtles sleep at the bottom of the ocean?

解答

Q4 Why do sea turtles “cry”?

解答

1 Share your ideas with your partner to match the Japanese title and its English title.

Japanese Title

- ① 千と千尋の神隠し []
- ② 聲こゑの形 []
- ③ あの日見た花の名前を僕達はまだ知らない。 []
- ④ 宇宙よりも遠い場所 []
- ⑤ コクリコ坂から []

English Title

- A** *From Up on Poppy Hill*
- B** *A Silent Voice*
- C** *A Place Further Than the Universe*
- D** *Anohana: The Flower We Saw That Day*
- E** *Spirited Away*

アニメの内容をお互いに教え合ったり、英語のタイトルに含まれている単語をヒントにしたりして考えることもできます。分からない単語の意味や訳をパートナーと一緒に調べてみましょう。自分たちで日本語のタイトルを英語にしてみるとヒントになるかもしれません。



Points of the task

- Ask and tell your partner the contents of these anime.
- With your partner, look up both the Japanese words and the English words that you don't know.
- What English titles would you translate the Japanese titles into?

2 Choose a place related to your favorite anime, film, music, or book that you want to visit. Complete the table below about it. Then, find pictures of it on the Internet.

Photo	Place	Anime / Film / Music / Book
	The reason why you like the anime / film / music / book	
	The places you want to visit	
Extra Information		

Points of the task

- What is your most favorite anime, film, music, or book?
- Why do you like it?
- Where is its “holy” place?

自分の好きな作品を1つ選び、好きな理由や好きになった経緯なども考えましょう。さらに、その作品の「聖地」の写真や情報を調べましょう。相手から質問されそうな内容についても調べておくとよいでしょう。



Tips for using the Internet

- 検索結果のタブを切り替える（画像、動画、ニュースなど）
- 検索結果の言語・期間を指定する
- 画像の出典を明記する（URL・HP名・記載があれば著作者・コピーライトなど）
- 正確なソースを探す（.gov, .edu, 公式サイトなど）

3 Using the information above, tell your partner about this place and show them the pictures. Then, complete the table below after listening to your partner’s presentation.

Place	Anime / Film / Music / Book
The reason why your partner likes the anime / film / music / book	
The places your partner wants to visit	
Extra Information	

Points of presentation and listening

- Prepare clear pictures.
- When you talk about things that your partner may not know well about, speak slowly and clearly, and avoid using technical terms and proper nouns.
- While listening to your partner’s presentation, fill in the table above.
- If you can’t understand what your partner said, ask him/her to say that again.
- At the end of presentation, it is better to ask your partner whether he/she has any questions.

プレゼンテーションでは、見やすい画像を用意しましょう。聞いている人が知らなさそうなことについて話すときは、固有名詞や専門用語を使わずに、理解しやすい単語に置き換えて伝えるようにしましょう。もし、相手の話している内容が聞き取れなかったり、理解できなかったりした箇所があれば、もう一度繰り返してもらって内容をしっかりと理解しましょう。最後に、質問がないか確認して発表を終えたとよいでしょう。

